HLAR

CERTIFIED WIRELESS CRACK DETECTION ON STEEL STRUCTURES

24/7 monitoring of critical assets for signs of damage with wireless scalable sensor technology

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COMPANY INTRODUCTION

- We deliver wireless monitoring systems to detect fatigue crack growth in steel structures
- Company originates from a PhD project at Delft University of TechnologyInstalled base of 1700+ sensor strips on different structures including large-span highway bridges, overhead travelling cranes, and shipto-shore cranes
- External certification by DNV: "Statement of Qualified Technology"







Villari sensor technology is based on passive magnetic flux leakage due to geometric and inverse magneto strictive effects

Emilio Villari (25.9.1836 – 20.8.1904) was an Italian experimental physicist and a professor at the University of Bologna and later Naples who contributed to studies on ferromagnetic field changes to mechanical stress



Changes Villari sensor Stable when crack Farth's on steel A one-dimensional array of magnetic field Cracks cause **passive** Villari sensors) near the magnetic flux **leakage** Earth's magnetic field Intact geometries growing crack **detects** a (passive MFL) directly above exhibit a **stable** induces local magnetic variation which is translated to the crack due to geometric magnetic field crack growth with fields in steel structures and inverse magnetostrictive **analytics** (patented) effects (the Villari effect)

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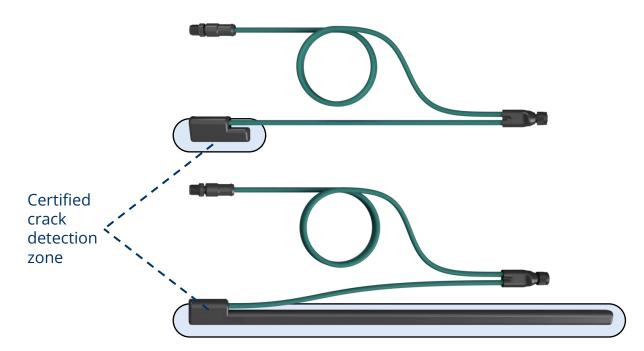
VILLARI TRANSMITTER AND SENSOR PROBES

Transmitter

- Wireless Communication module (LoRaWAN)
- Minimum 5 years of battery life
- IP67, UV resistant, suitable for harsh environments
- 5 minutes installation time, clamps with magnet or fastening straps
- Maximum of 20 probes connected to 1 transmitter
- Total cable length max 30 meters
- Sample rate between 1 and 6 hours
- Operating temperature between -40°C and +80°C

Sensor Probes

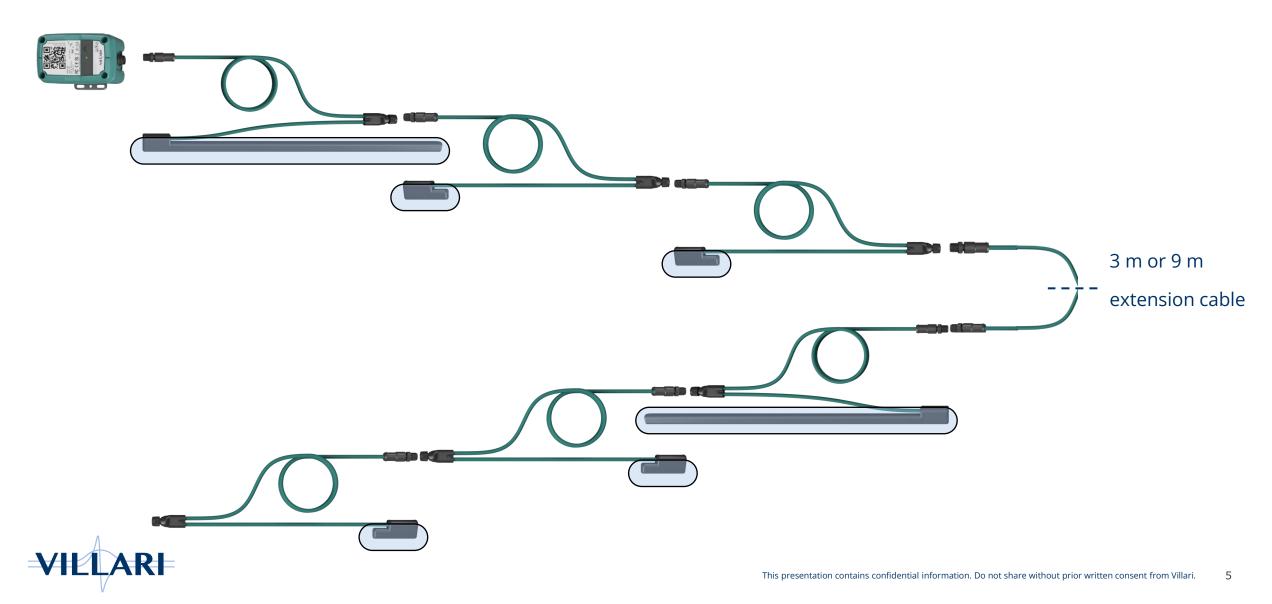
- Short version: 75 mm detection range
- Long flexible version: 500 mm detection range
- Detect early-stage crack growth within a 30 mm diameter around the strip
- Rapid & long-lasting glue bonding





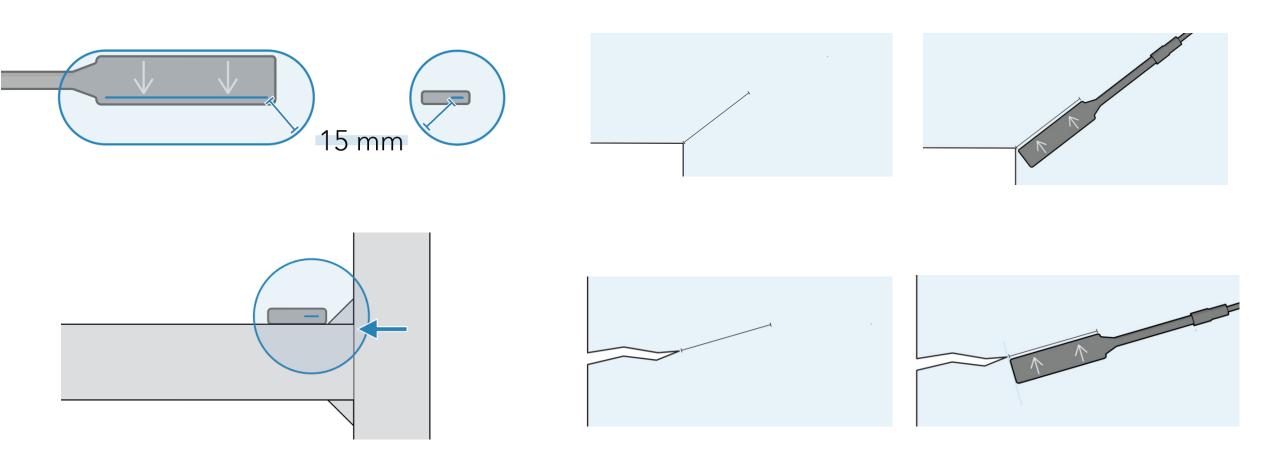
EXAMPLE SETUP

1x Transmitter | 2x 500 mm flex probes | 4x 75 mm rigid probes | 1x extension cable



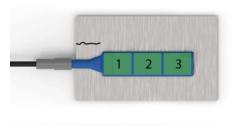
POSITIONING OF STRIPS AND DETECTION ZONE

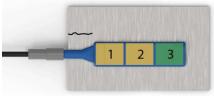
Crack growth does not have to be parallel to strip length and is also detected below the surface

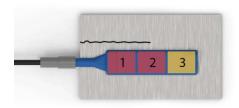


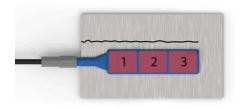


SENSING CAPABILITIES OF THE SENSOR STRIPS: SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

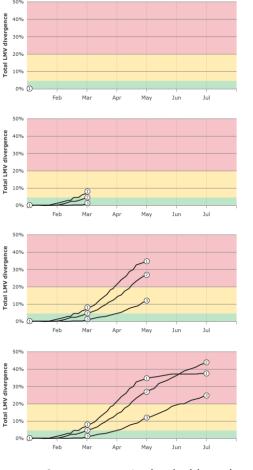








Example placement when there is already a crack



Sensor output in the dashboard

- 1. The strip is installed, reference measurement is taken
- 2. Before the crack growth is detectable with conventional technologies, the sensor starts to detect local variations
- 3. Crack growth starts to be detectable with NDT, sensor strip turns red on zone 1 & zone 2. The zone 3 starts to turn yellow.
- 4. Crack continues to propagate, change in magnetic field stabilizes at zone 1 and continues to rise at zone 3.

AUTOMATED ANALYSIS IN AN ONLINE DASHBOARD



Overview drawing with sensor locations

- 1. All sensor locations are marked, and coloured according to the analysis results
- 2. Overview photos of selected sensor unit
- 3. Selected sensor strips photo with lay-over of analysis data plotted in which the colors represent the analysis of sensor data over time
- Historical data with analysis since installation available that can be exported to excel
- Automated warnings when crack growth is detected (telephone or e-mail)

AUTOMATED ANALYSIS IN AN ONLINE DASHBOARD

Closeup images combined with a live data stream provide actionable insights

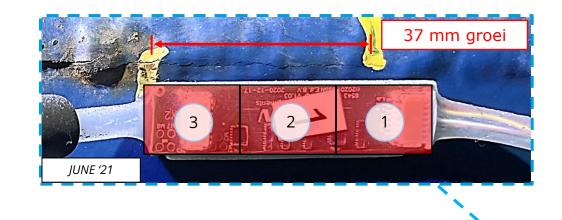


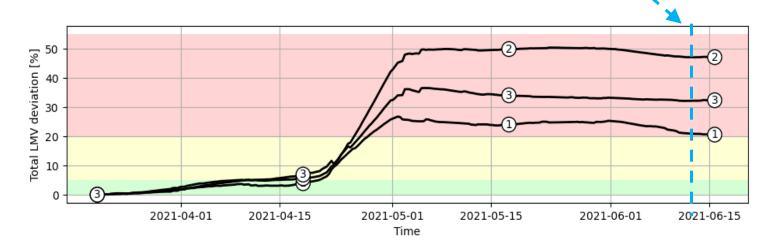
CLIENT USE CASE : REACTIVE PLACEMENT

Continuously measure crack propagation in order to schedule inspection & repairs



- Detectable crack growth can be both root and toe initiating (sub-surface) cracks
- Extensive documentation available upon request including both laboratory and field results
- Proven algorithm for crack detection, certified by DNV
- Specification sheet available upon request

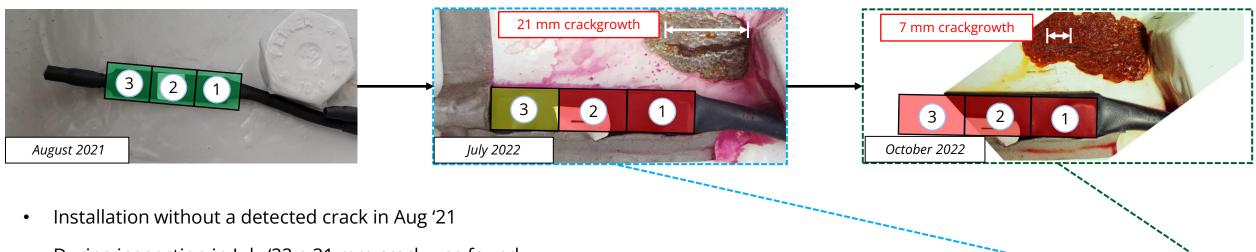






CLIENT USE CASE : PREVENTIVE PLACEMENT

Placing sensors on an asset as it reaches end-of-life



- During inspection in July '22 a 21 mm crack was found using penetrant dye inspection, Villari at this point already measured significant changes
- Moderate activity was detected by Villari in October '21, nine months before NDT discovered a crack
- Afterwards: no crack growth was visually reported but after Villari looked at its own data and thoroughly inspected the pictures taken an additional 7 mm crack growth was found



HIGH	奈 WIRELESS	LONG	€ ATTRACTIVE
ACCURACY		BATTERY LIFE	PRICING
Competitive with state-of-the-art NDT methods such as PAUT or TOFD	No need to bring cables during installation to connect the sensors units to the grid	Up to 5 years battery life for each sensor unit	Smart technology with low-cost electronics allow for affordable monitoring
NO SURFACE	C ALWAYS	PLUG	(က) LIMITED
PREPARATION	UP-TO-DATE	AND PLAY	DATA PROFILE



Would you like to learn more?

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